# 07.03 Conflicts of Interest, Dual Office Holding and Political Activities

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# **Policy Summary**

There are statutory requirements the members of the Board of Regents (board) and employees of The Texas A&M University System (system) must follow to ensure no conflicts of interest exist while they carry out their public duties.

This policy lists the statutory requirements for filings with the Texas Ethics Commission, gives board members and employees direction on when they may and may not hold public and private office, and provides guidance on their participation in the political process as it relates to their position within the system.

# Definitions

Click to view **Definitions**.

## Policy

#### 1. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 1.1 Board members, the chancellor and member chief executive officers (CEOs) are required by state law to file a financial statement with the Texas Ethics Commission annually. Forms prescribed by the commission must be utilized, and a copy of such forms will annually be filed with the general counsel.
- 1.2 Deputy chancellors, vice chancellors, the chief auditor, the general counsel, the system ethics and compliance officer, other members of the chancellor's executive committee, vice presidents and all employees who exercise discretion with regard to the investment of funds under the control of the system, must file annually for review by their respective member CEOs or designees an *Annual Financial Disclosure Report* disclosing detailed information regarding themselves, their spouses and their dependent children. (See **Related Statutes** section.)
- 1.3 Any outside employment of the chancellor, including serving on the board of directors of a corporation, must be approved in advance by the chairman of the board or the chairman's designee.

1.4 As state officers, board members, the chancellor, presidents and agency directors are required to disclose any legal or equitable interest in property that is to be acquired with public funds. Such disclosure must be made by filing an affidavit containing specific information as required by Tex. Gov't Code § 553.002. The affidavit must be filed with the county clerk of the county in which the individual resides and the county clerk of each county in which the property is located. Such filing must be completed within 10 days before the date on which the property is to be acquired by purchase or condemnation.

#### 1.5 Certain Contracts Prohibited

The system and its members are prohibited from entering into a contract for the purchase of goods or services with a private vendor if any of the following employees or their close family members have a financial interest in the vendor:

- (a) the following system employees or those employees having job duties equivalent to the listed employees:
  - chancellor;
  - chief financial officer;
  - vice chancellor;
  - chief auditor;
  - general counsel;
  - system ethics and compliance officer (SECO); or
  - chief procurement officer or director;
- (b) the following member employees or those employees having job duties equivalent to the listed employees:
  - CEO;
  - provost;
  - chief financial officer;
  - vice president;
  - dean;
  - deputy or associate agency director;
  - ethics and compliance officer; or
  - chief procurement officer or director;
- (c) In this section, "close family member" means any person related to an employee listed in Sections 1.5(a) or (b), within the second degree of affinity (marriage) or consanguinity (blood). See Appendix for a listing of these relatives.

The employees listed in Sections 1.5(a) and (b) must promptly disclose to the system general counsel and to their supervisor the existence of a financial interest with a private vendor that may prohibit the system or the respective member from entering into a contract with the vendor.

1.5.1 An employee listed in Sections 1.5(a) or 1.5(b) has a financial interest in a private vendor if the employee or the employee's close family member:

- (a) owns or controls, directly or indirectly, an ownership interest of at least one percent in the private vendor, including the right to share in profits, proceeds, or capital gains; or
- (b) reasonably foresees that a contract with the private vendor could result in a financial benefit to the employee.
- 1.5.2 A financial interest prohibited by this section does not include a retirement plan, a blind trust, insurance coverage, or an ownership interest of less than one percent in a corporation.
- 1.5.3 <u>Disclosure Requirement</u>. The employees listed in Sections 1.5(a) and 1.5(b) must annually file a completed *Contracting Financial Interest Disclosure and Certification Form*. The SECO, in consultation with the System Office of General Counsel (OGC), reviews submitted forms and coordinates with the System Office of Budgets and Accounting to ensure system and member compliance with the contracting prohibition.

#### 1.6 Board of Regents' Consideration of Contracts

For contracts presented to the board of regents, a member is permitted to enter into a contract or other transaction with a business entity in which a board member has an interest if the interest is not a substantial interest or, if the interest is a substantial interest, the board member discloses that interest in a meeting held in compliance with the Open Meetings Act (Chapter 551, Government Code) and refrains from voting on the contract or transaction. Any such contract or transaction presented to the board must be approved by an affirmative majority of the board members voting on the contract or transaction.

- 1.6.1 For purposes of this section, a board member has a substantial interest in a business entity if:
  - (a) the board member owns one percent or more of the voting stock or shares of the business entity, or owns either one percent or more or \$15,000 or more of the fair market value of the business entity;
  - (b) funds received by the board member from the business entity exceed one percent of the board member's gross income for the previous year;
  - (c) the board member is an officer of the business entity or a member of the governing board of the business entity; or
  - (d) the board member's parent, child, spouse or spouse's child has an interest in the business entity as described by Section 1.6.1(a), (b) or (c).
- 1.6.2 The board is not precluded from entering into a contract or other transaction with a nonprofit corporation merely because a board member also serves as a member, director, officer or employee of the nonprofit corporation.
- 1.6.3 Prior to each board of regents meeting, the general counsel reviews the current financial statement submitted by the board members, chancellor, and member CEOs under Section 1.1 and advises the board chairman on whether any board

member, the chancellor, or a member CEO appears to have a substantial interest or a potential conflict of interest in a contract or other transaction to be considered by the board.

- 1.7 Employees are prohibited from having a direct or indirect financial or other interest, engaging in a business transaction or professional activity, or incurring any obligation that is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of the employee's official duties and responsibilities.
- 1.8 As soon as possible after becoming aware of any potential conflict of interest, a board member must disclose such fact and any other relevant information to the general counsel. In such an event, the general counsel must review the potential conflict and issue an opinion to the board member and the chairman. If necessary, the general counsel coordinates with the board chairman to develop and implement an appropriate conflict mitigation plan.
- 1.9 Any member employee who exercises discretion or makes decisions regarding the award of a bid or contract with a private vendor must promptly disclose for review by the member CEO or designee on the *Potential Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form* any potential conflict of interest that is known by the employee with respect to any contract with a private vendor or bid for the purchase of goods or services from a private vendor by the member. The disclosure obligation created by this section applies at all times during the following time periods: the procurement process, from the initial requests for bids for the purchase of goods or services from a private vendor. A "potential conflict of interest" under this section means an interest, financial or otherwise, that could potentially conflict with the conscientious performance of an employee's official duties and responsibilities, including interests that could create the appearance of impropriety.
- 1.10 System Policy 07.01, *Ethics*, provides additional guidance on conflicts of interest that board members and employees must avoid.
- 1.11 The SECO administers an electronic filing system for the submission and review of employee filings imposed by this policy and similar system policies and regulations. In order to simplify and facilitate compliance, the SECO, in consultation with OGC, converts the system forms to an electronic form, maintains such forms, and as appropriate, combines the forms.

#### 2. DUAL OFFICE HOLDING

- 2.1 <u>Non-elective State or Federal Office</u>
  - 2.1.1 Board members and employees may hold non-elective offices with boards, commissions and other state and federal entities provided that the holding of such office (a) is of benefit to the state of Texas or is required by state or federal law, and (b) is not in conflict with the board member's or employee's position within the system. In the case of employees, such appointments must be approved by the member CEO.

- 2.1.2 Prior to the chancellor or a member CEO accepting an invitation to serve in an additional non-elective office, the board must determine that the appointment meets the two requirements stated above. The board must also make an official record of any compensation to be received by the chancellor or member CEO from such appointment, including salary, bonus, per diem or other types of compensation.
- 2.2 Employees may hold other positions of employment with agencies, boards, commissions or other entities of government as long as the holding of such positions is consistent with the prohibitions against dual office holding in the Texas Constitution. Consulting arrangements with federal, state or local governmental agencies of a detached and independent advisory nature are not considered to be appointments with such agencies.

### 3. POLITICAL ACTIVITIES

- 3.1 <u>Restrictions on Members, Board Members and Employees</u>
  - 3.1.1 A member may not use any money under its control, including appropriated money, to finance or otherwise support the candidacy of a person for an office in the legislative, executive or judicial branch of state government or of the government of the United States. This prohibition extends to the direct or indirect employment of a person to perform an action described by this section.
  - 3.1.2 A board member or employee may not use a state-owned or leased vehicle for a purpose described by Section 3.1.1.
  - 3.1.3 A member may not use appropriated money to attempt to influence the passage or defeat of a legislative measure. This section does not prohibit a board member or employee from using state resources to provide public information or to provide information responsive to a request.
  - 3.1.4 Board members and employees must not use their official authority or influence, or permit the use of a program administered by the system to interfere with or affect the result of an election or nomination of a candidate or to achieve any other political purpose.
  - 3.1.5 Board members and employees must not coerce, attempt to coerce, command, restrict, attempt to restrict, or prevent the payment, loan or contribution of anything of value to a person or political organization for a political purpose.
  - 3.1.6 An employee who violates Sections 3.1.4 or 3.1.5 is subject to immediate termination of employment. A member may not use appropriated money to compensate a board member or employee who violates any of the previous sections of this section.
- 3.2 As employees and public officers of the state of Texas, board members and employees have the rights of freedom of association and political participation guaranteed by the state and federal constitutions, except as provided by Section 3.1. Board members and employees must be allowed sufficient time off to vote in public elections without a deduction from pay or from accrued leave time.

#### 3.3 Employees as Candidates and Officeholders

- 3.3.1 Employees may run for election and serve as members of the governing bodies of school districts, cities, towns or other local governmental districts. A county is not an "other local governmental district" for purposes of this section. No campaign activities may be conducted during official business hours unless the employee has requested and received permission to use leave time for such purpose. Any employee elected to such a position may not receive any salary for serving as a member of such governing bodies, except that a faculty member of system academic institutions may receive compensation for serving as a member of a water district created under Article XVI, Section 59 or Article III, Section 52 of the state constitution.
- 3.3.2 If an employee wishes to announce as a candidate and seek election to a county, state, or federal office, such employee may not conduct campaign activities during official business hours unless the employee has requested and received permission to use leave time for such purpose. The employee must not use any system resource for campaign purposes.
- 3.3.3 A member is authorized to adopt a procedure requiring an employee to resign from system employment before announcing as a candidate and seeking election to any office that would, in the judgment of the member, create a potential or actual conflict of interest with the individual's current position of employment. Prior to adoption, this procedure must be submitted to OGC for legal sufficiency review. Two examples of such conflicts of interest include: (a) an office that funds any portion of the salary of the employee's position of system employment; or (b) an office that would give the employee supervisory authority over the employee's supervisor (or a higher-ranking member employee in the individual's "chain of command"). This section is based on the system's important interest in the integrity of its institutions and agencies and in the integrity, efficiency, loyalty and nonpartisanship of its employees.
- 3.3.4 Federal law may prohibit an employee whose salary is paid completely by federal funds from becoming a candidate for elective office. An employee should contact their member human resources office if the employee has questions about the application of this prohibition.
- 3.4 Board members and employees may make personal contributions to candidates for office and political organizations with the exception that employees may not contribute personal services, money or goods of value to a speaker candidate for use in the campaign for speaker of the Texas House of Representatives.

## **Related Statutes, Policies, or Requirements**

Annual Financial Disclosure Form (See Section 1.2)

Contracting Financial Interest Disclosure and Certification Form (See Section 1.5.3)

Potential Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form (See Section 1.9)

5 United States Code § 1502(a)(3)

Texas Constitution, Art. XVI, § 40

Tex. Educ. Code § 51.923

Tex. Gov't Code Ch. 302, Speaker of the House of Representatives

Tex. Gov't Code Ch. 553, Public Disclosure

Tex. Gov't Code Ch. 556, Political Activities by Certain Public Entities and Individuals

Tex. Gov't Code Ch. 572, Personal Financial Disclosure, Standards of Conduct, and Conflict of Interest

Tex. Gov't Code Ch. 574, Dual Office Holding

Tex. Gov't Code § 2261.252

System Policy 07.01, Ethics

System Policy 07.04, Benefits, Gifts and Honoraria

System Policy 31.01, Compensation

System Regulation 07.03.01, Political Campaign Events in Facilities Under the Control of The Texas A&M University System

System Policy 31.05, External Employment and Expert Witness

System Policy 07.05, Nepotism

## Appendix

Degrees of Relationship Listing

#### Member Rule Requirements

A rule is not required to supplement this policy.

# **Contact Office**

General Counsel (979) 458-6120